

For 20 years, the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria has shown the world that AIDS, TB and malaria can and will be beaten.



decline in AIDS-related death rates since 2002



decline in TB death rates since 2002



4/%
decline in malaria death
rates since 2002

44 million lives saved

since the Global Fund partnership was founded in 2002

But the fight is far from over.

For the first time since 2002, the fight against AIDS, TB and malaria has gone backwards. However, new innovations hold huge promise.

In 2020, COVID-19 disrupted health programming in the most vulnerable populations.



Treatment Fell

About one million fewer people with TB were treated



Testing Declined

HIV testing dropped by 22%



Deaths Increased

Malaria deaths increased by 12.4% in Global Fund-eligible countries



AIDS, TB and malaria are preventable and treatable diseases that still kill more than 2.6 million people a year.

It could have been even worse, but U.S. funding allowed the Global Fund to move with speed and scale to support the COVID-19 Response Mechanism, helping countries adapt their lifesaving programs by:



Delivering malaria bednets door-to-door



Dispensing multi-month supplies of TB and HIV drugs



Using digital tools to monitor TB treatment

We can accelerate gains against AIDS, TB and malaria by delivering innovations around the world.



HIV

Long acting injectables for prevention and treatment



Malaria

New prevention and treatment approaches on the horizon



TB

Shorter-course therapy to improve access, equity and prevent drug resistant strains



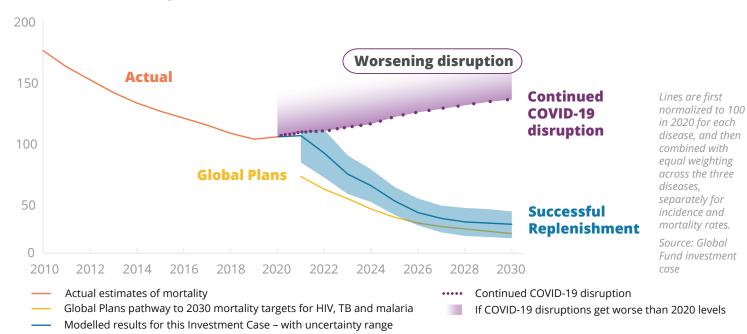
Delivery

Multi-month medicines dispensing, community delivery and tele-health

U.S. Leadership Is Critical to Get the Fight Against AIDS, TB and Malaria Back on Track.

The Global Fund has determined that \$18 billion is needed in the three year replenishment fundraising cycle to continue to scale up the technologies, health systems and community health workers that can not only fight AIDS, TB and malaria, but also prepare for future pandemics.

Combined Mortality for AIDS, TB and Malaria



\$18 billion for the Global Fund from around the world will:



Save 20 million lives between 2024 and 2026



Leverage \$59 billion in domestic investments



Avert more than 450 million infections or cases



Spur \$31 in economic returns and health gains for every \$1 invested

Reinforce systems for health and pandemic preparedness by investing approximately \$6 billion to:



Support health care workers



Strengthen labs, diagnostic tools, supply chain management, information and financial systems



Tackle antimicrobial resistance, including drug-resistant TB



Reinforce community systems



Accelerate the shift toward patientcentered, differentiated models of care

The U.S. Inspires Other Donors



During the last fundraising cycle, the U.S. commitment encouraged other donors to step up too.



Despite the devastating economic impact of COVID-19, impacted communities still increased domestic resources for AIDS, TB and malaria by 35 percent.



Cover photo: Nurse Mbayang Fall Bousso puts on protective gear at a clinic in Dakar, Senegal. The Global Fund/Ricci Shryock.
Inside photo: A village malaria worker administers a malaria test to 4-year-old Nang Sievhong at his home in Cambodia. The Global Fund/John Rae.
Back cover photo: Students engage in the topic of self confidence during one of the "Keeping Girls in School" programs in South Africa. The Global Fund/Karin Schermbrucker.

